

Gaia mission status

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Gaia mission status

Gaia spacecraft is fine and operating nominally

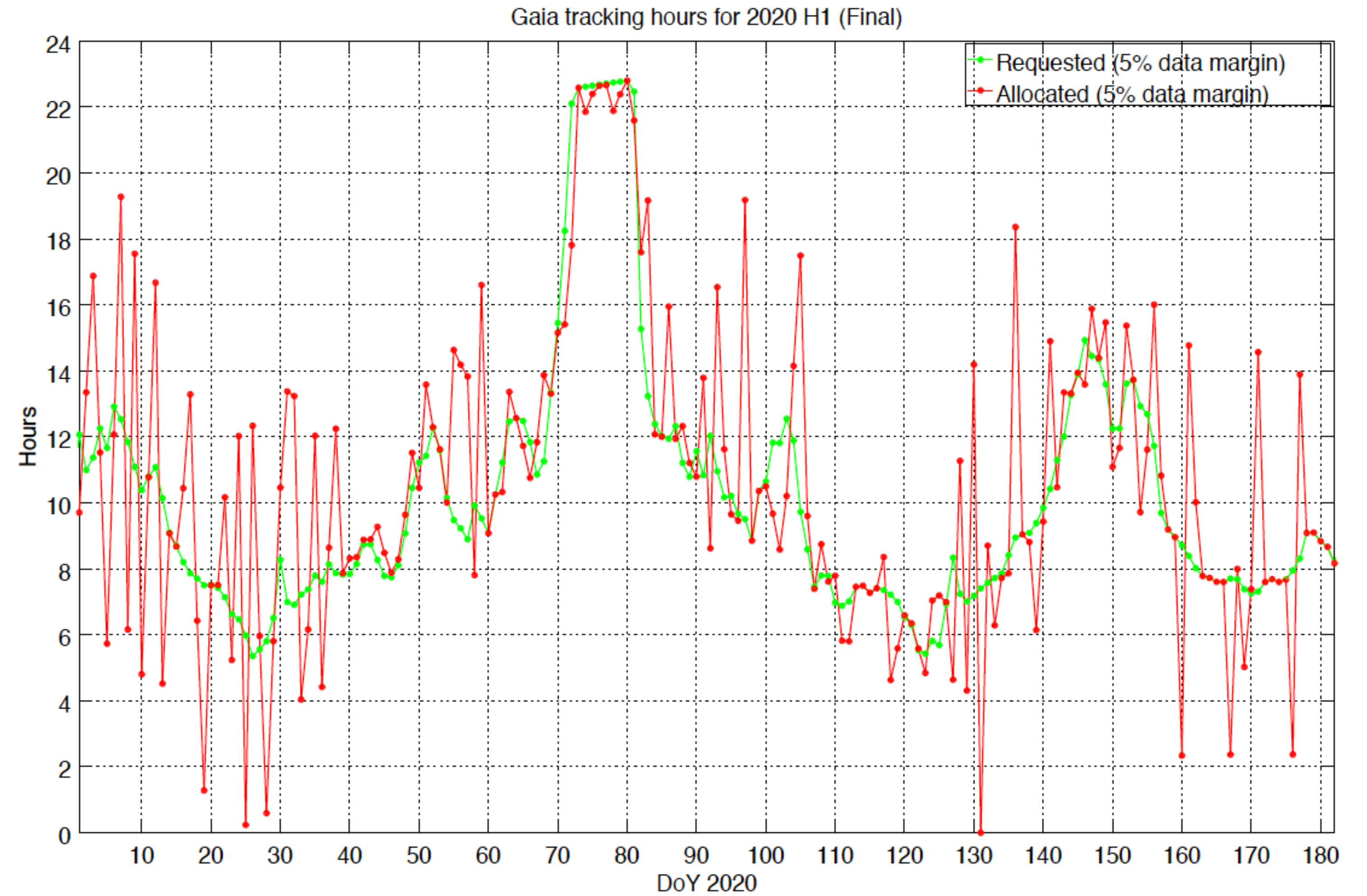
- Micrometeoroid hits and tank bubbles cause attitude disturbances at expected rates
- Repeating anomalies are recovered with automated on-board procedures

CURRENT DATE AND TIME	2019-12-17T11:41:29 (TCB)
MISSION STATUS	
Satellite distance from Earth (in km)	1,539,152
Number of days having passed since 25 July 2014	1971
Number of days in mission extension	154
OPERATIONS DATA (collected since 2014/07/25)	
Volume of science data collected (in GB)	74,212
Number of object transits through the focal plane	141,022,176,018
Number of astrometric CCD measurements	1,390,075,735,030
Number of photometric CCD measurements	280,878,205,328
Number of spectroscopic CCD measurements	27,389,317,443
Number of object transits through the RVS instrument	9,165,820,508

Eclipse avoidance manoeuvre marked the end of nominal 5 year mission in summer 2019

Data acquisition

Gaia is the main user of ESA
deep space network



Gaia DR2 in numbers



position & brightness on the sky

1 692 919 135

surface temperature
161 497 595

red colour

1 383 551 713

blue colour

1 381 964 755

parallax and proper motion

1 331 909 727

radius & luminosity

76 956 778

amount of dust along
the line of sight

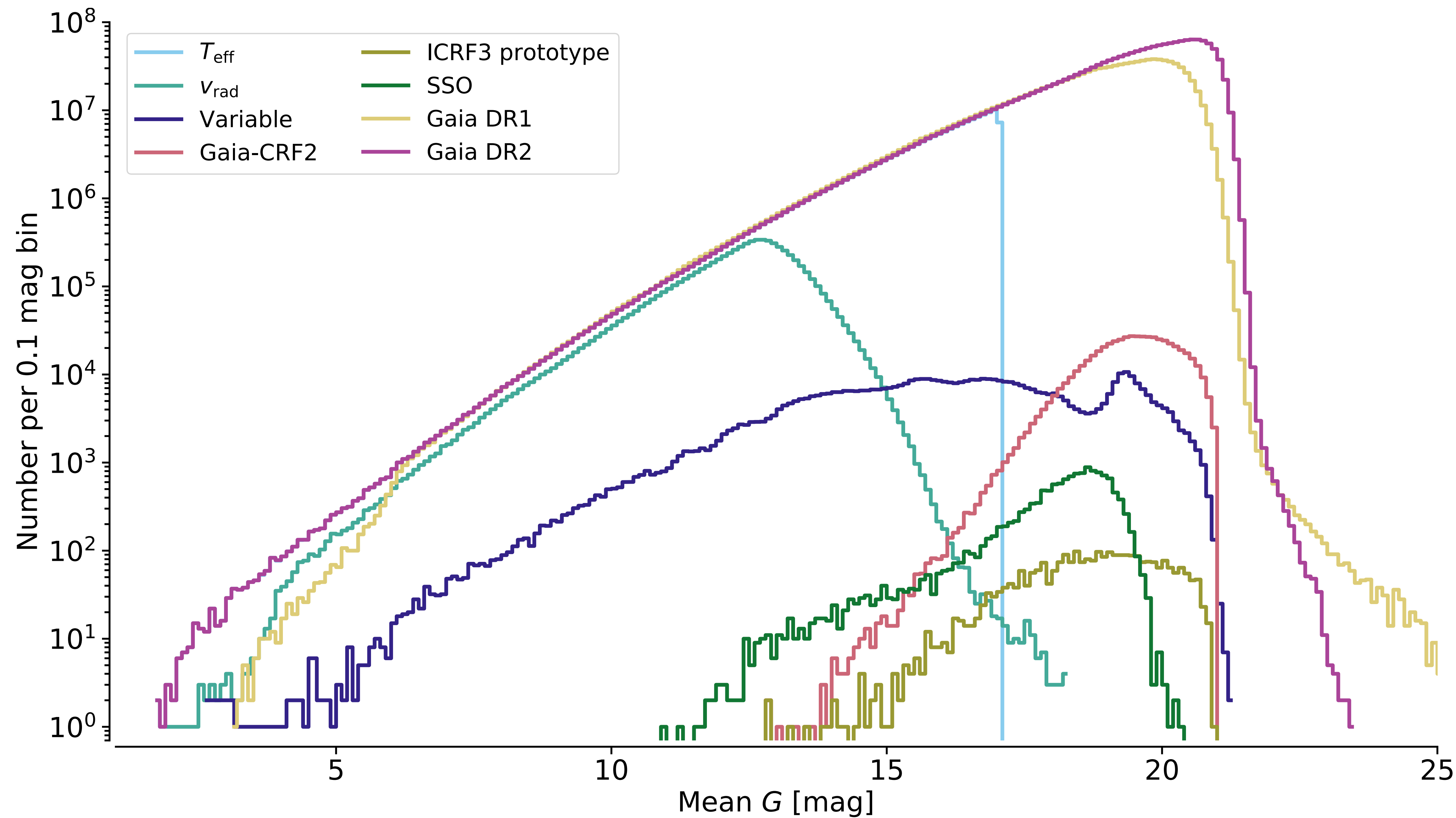
87 733 672

radial velocity
7 224 631

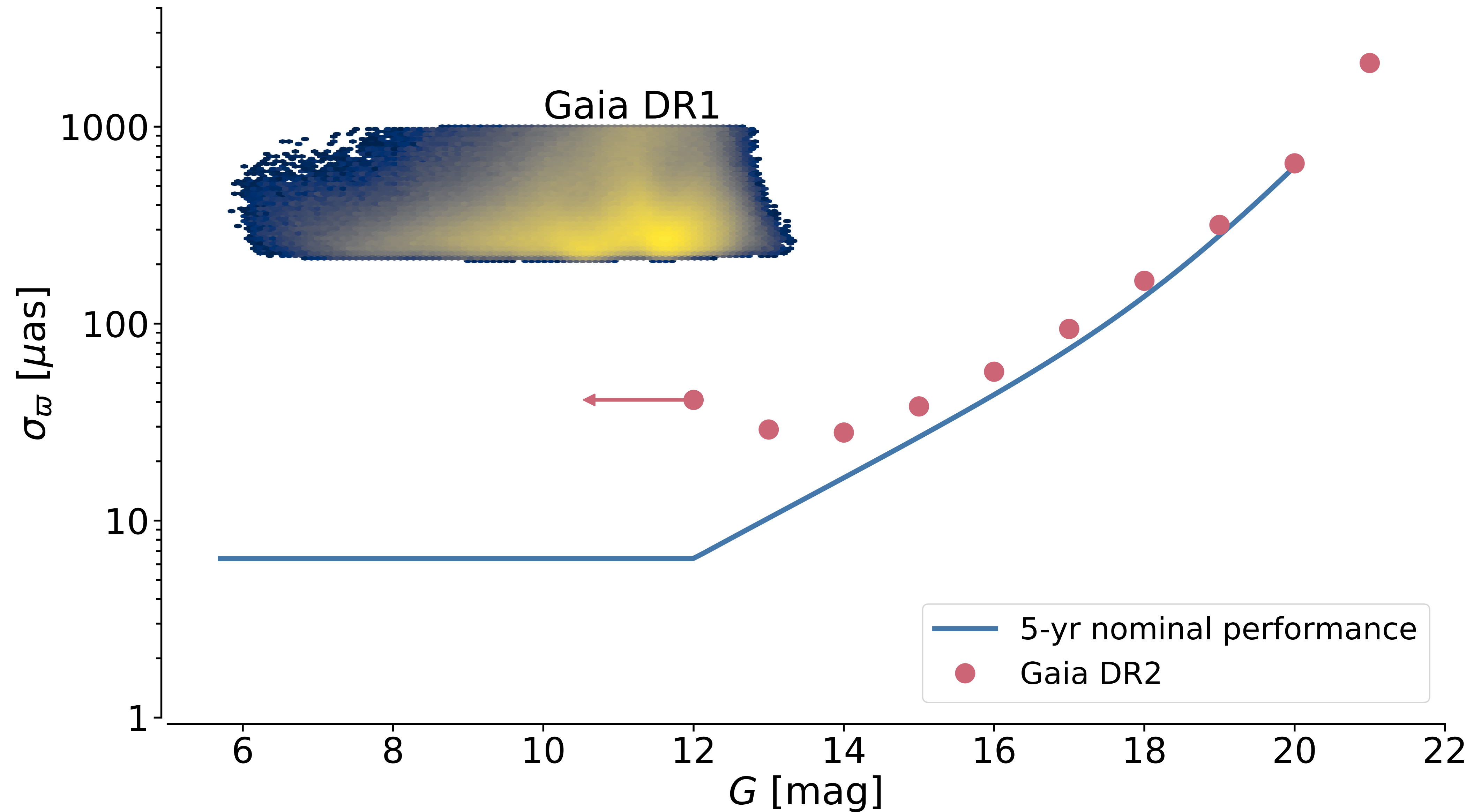
14 099
Solar System
objects

550 737
variable sources

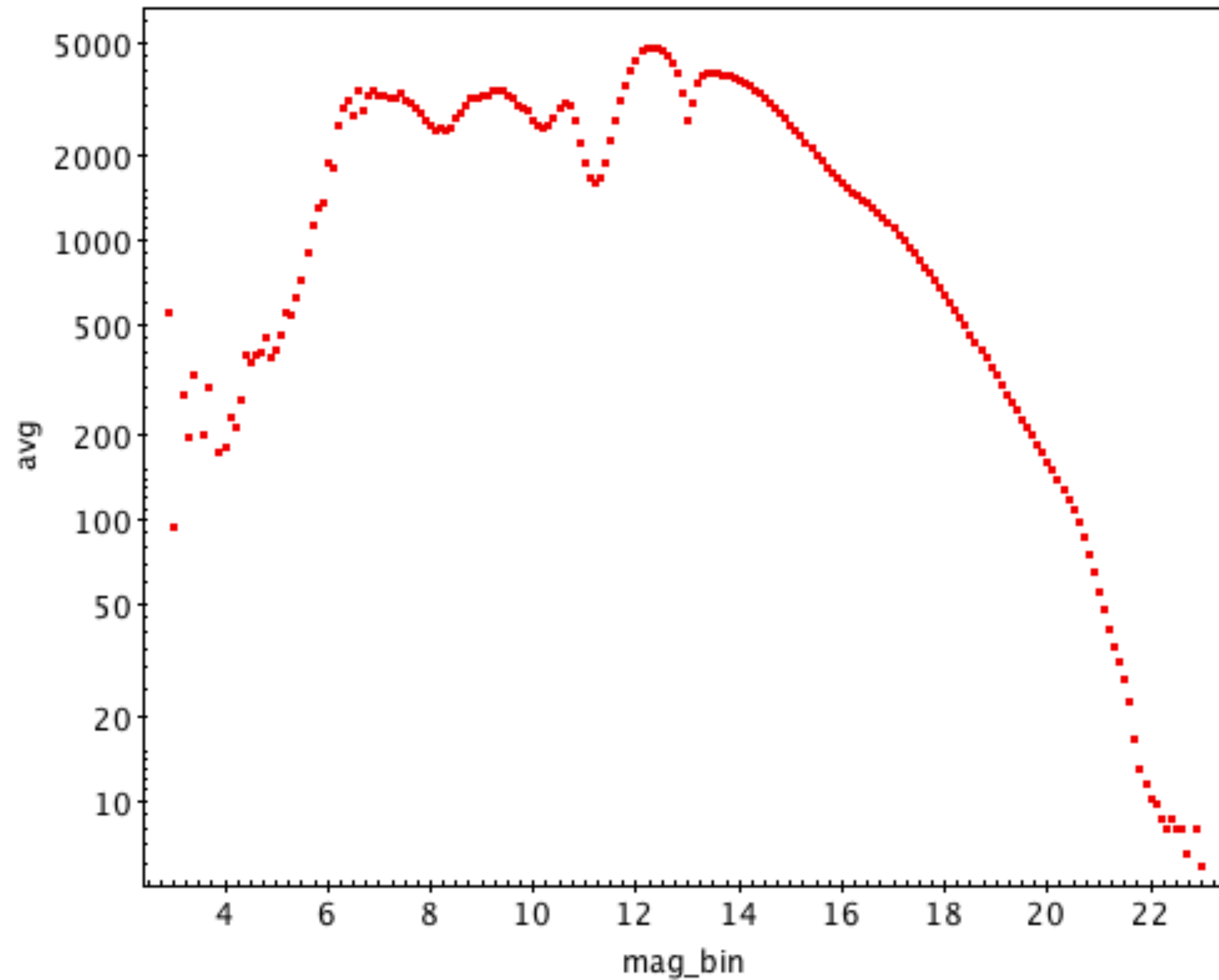
Gaia DR2



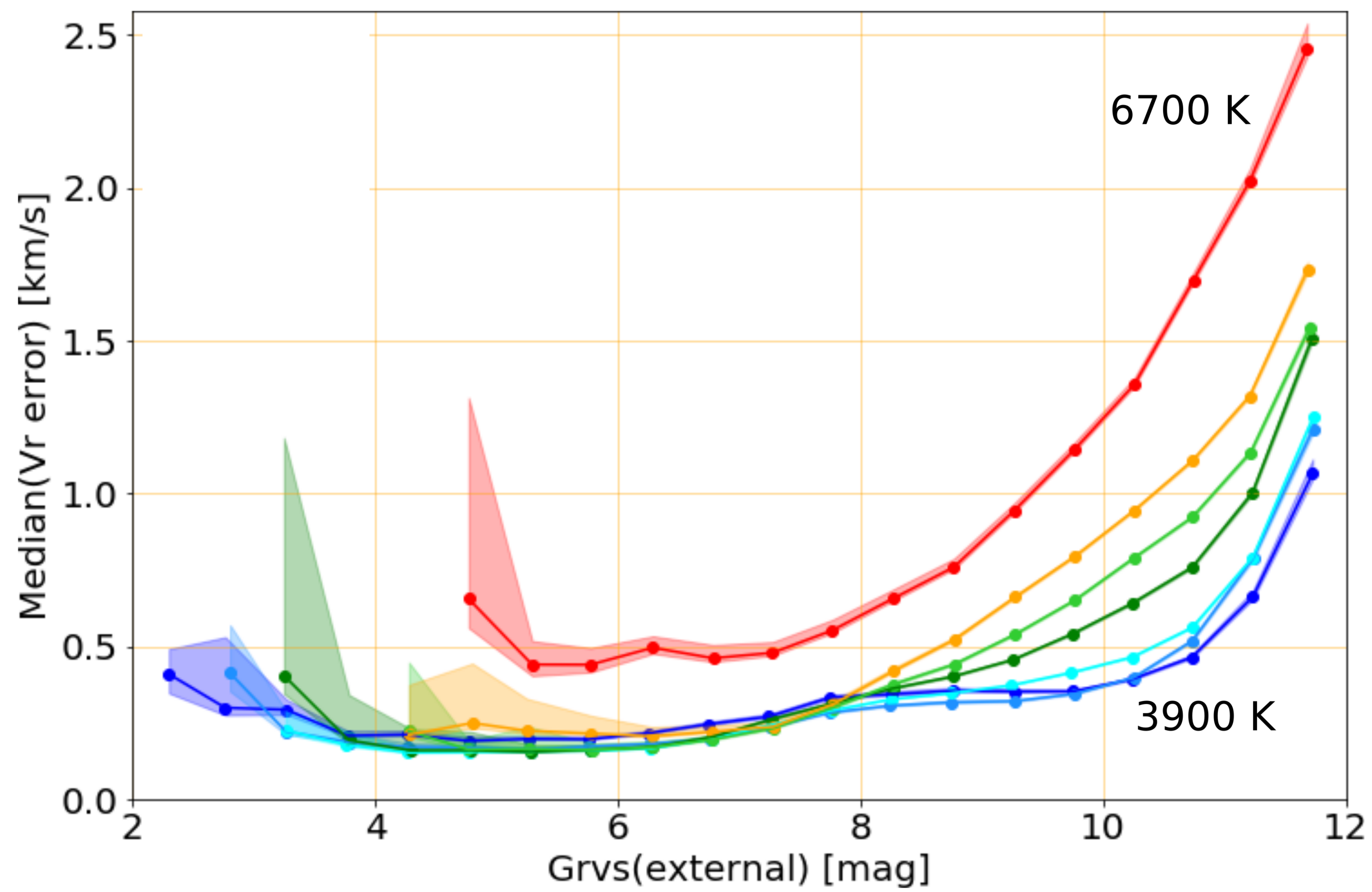
Astrometric performance: parallax



Photometric performance: average S/N



Radial Velocity: precision

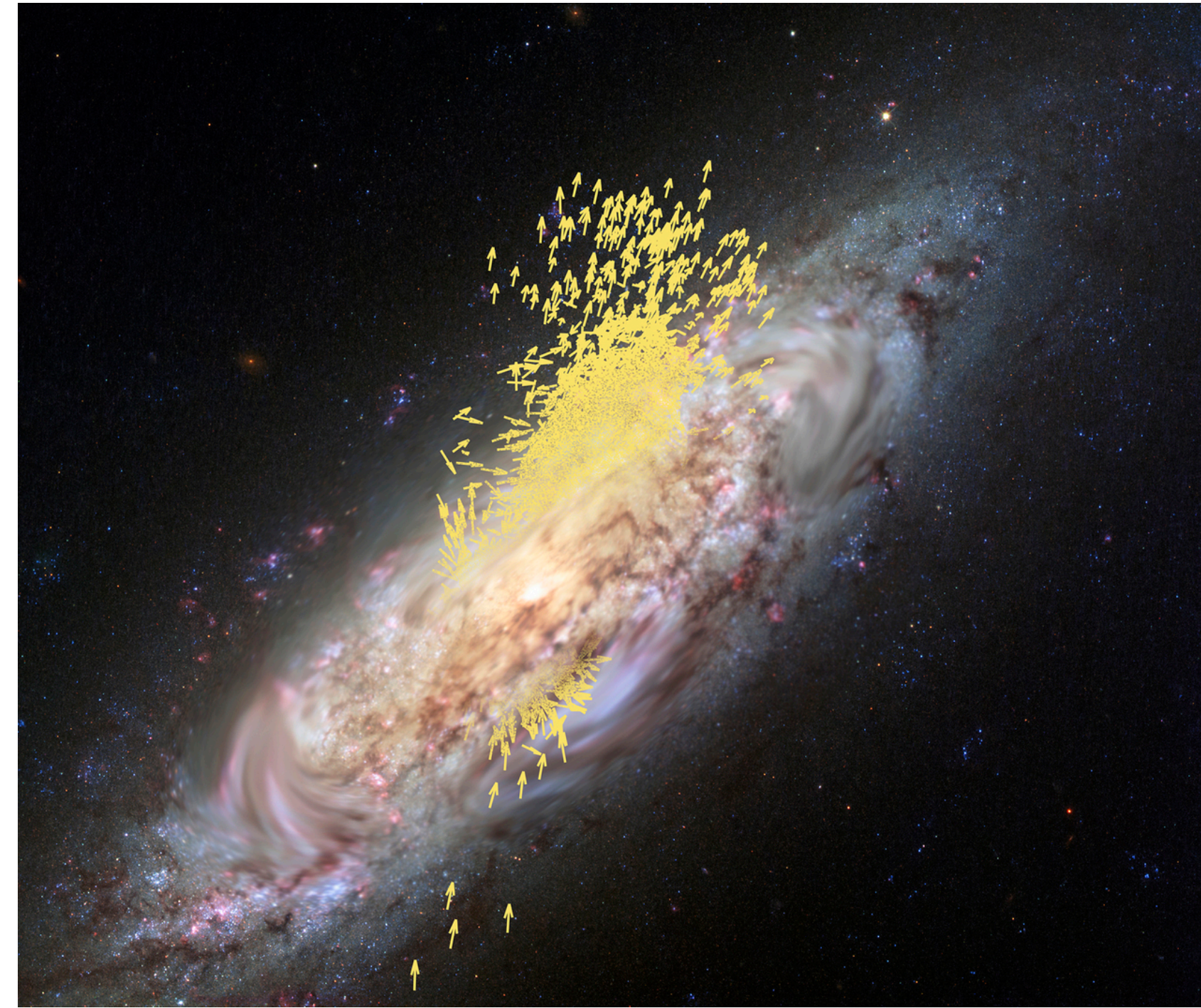


Gaia DR2 science highlights

More than 1000 refereed papers

More than 300 arXiv preprints on the road ...

9 Nature articles (3 in main Nature journal relying fully on Gaia DR2 data)



Helmi et al. 2018



Antoja et al. 2018

White Dwarfs

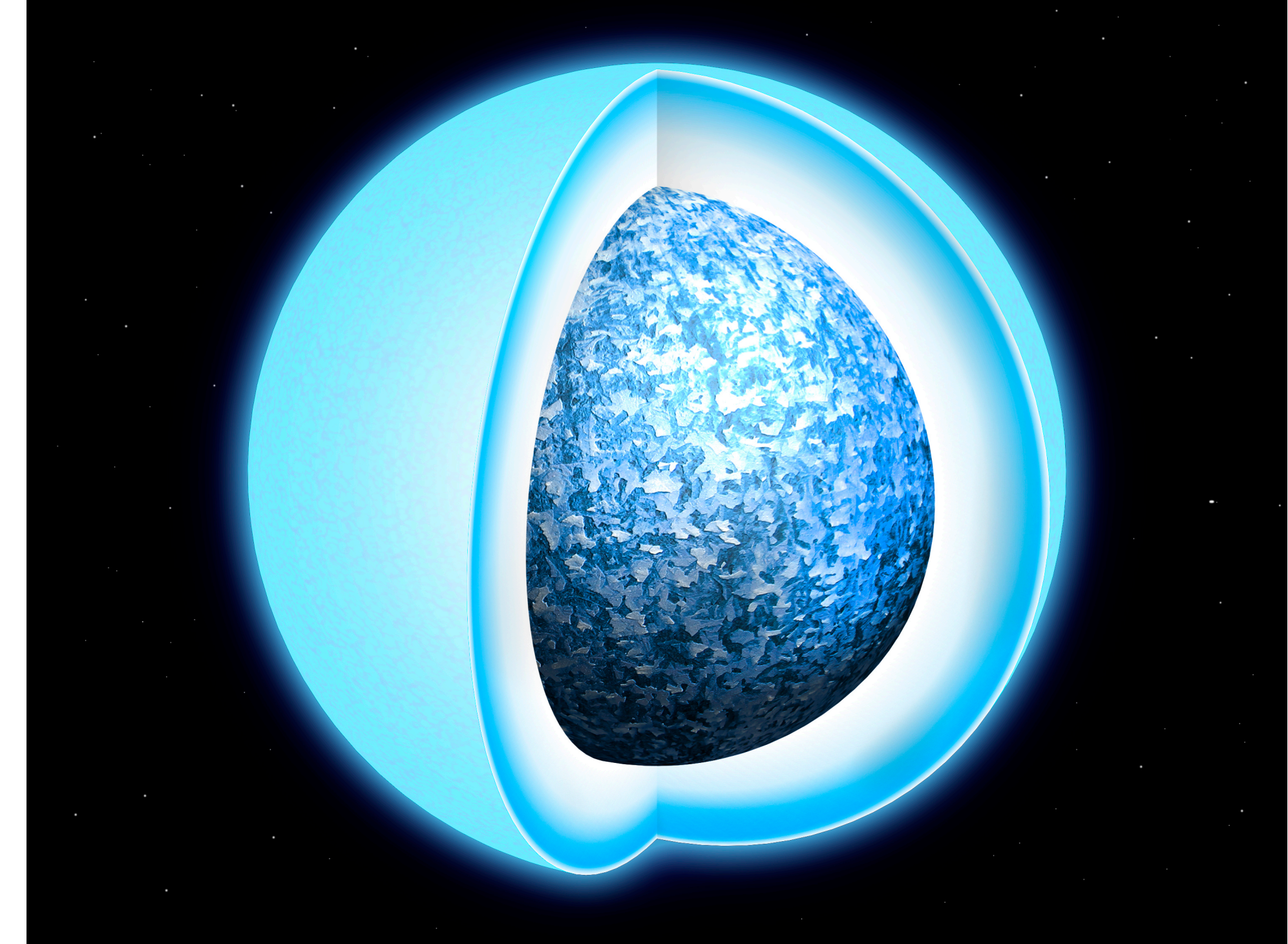
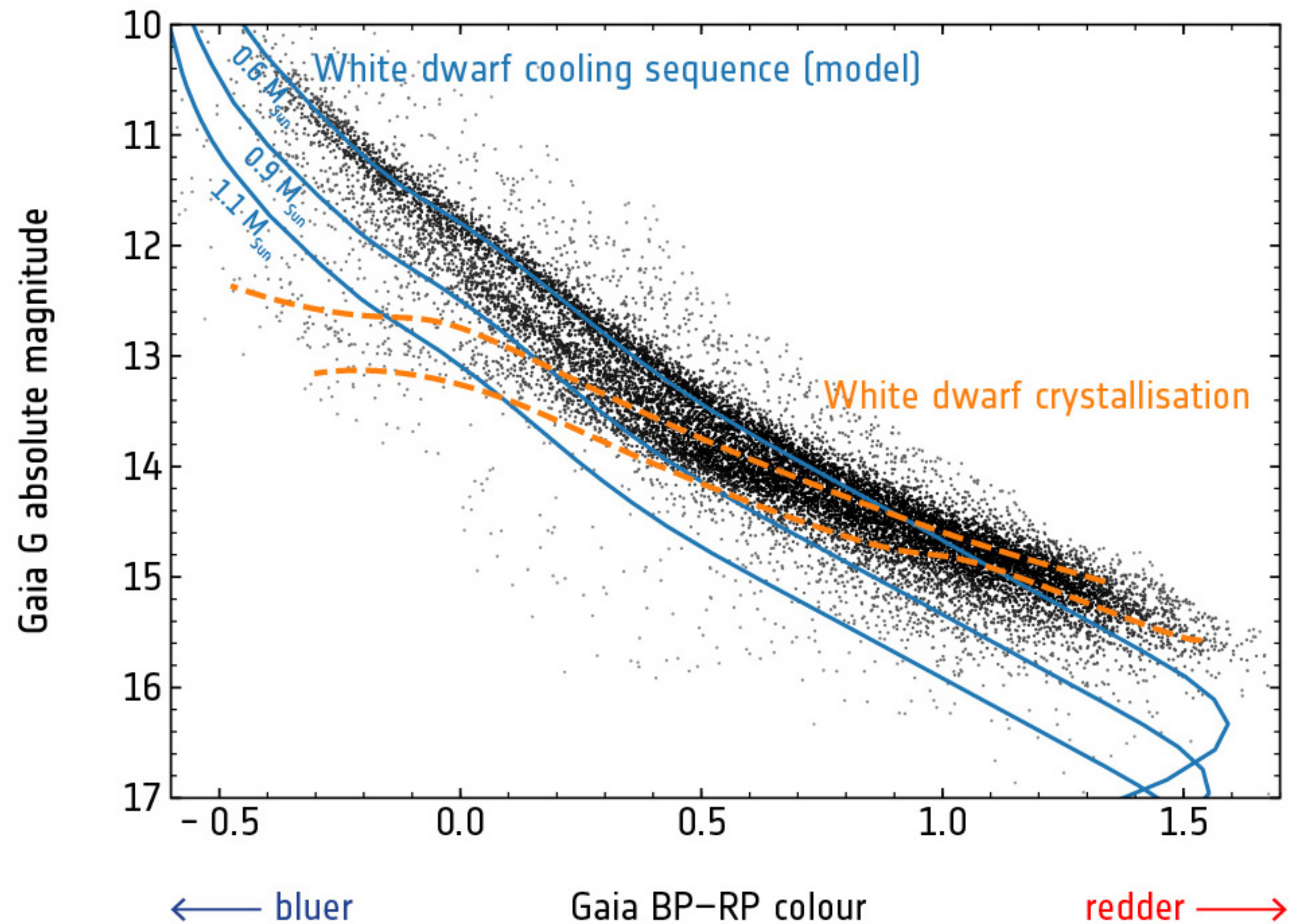
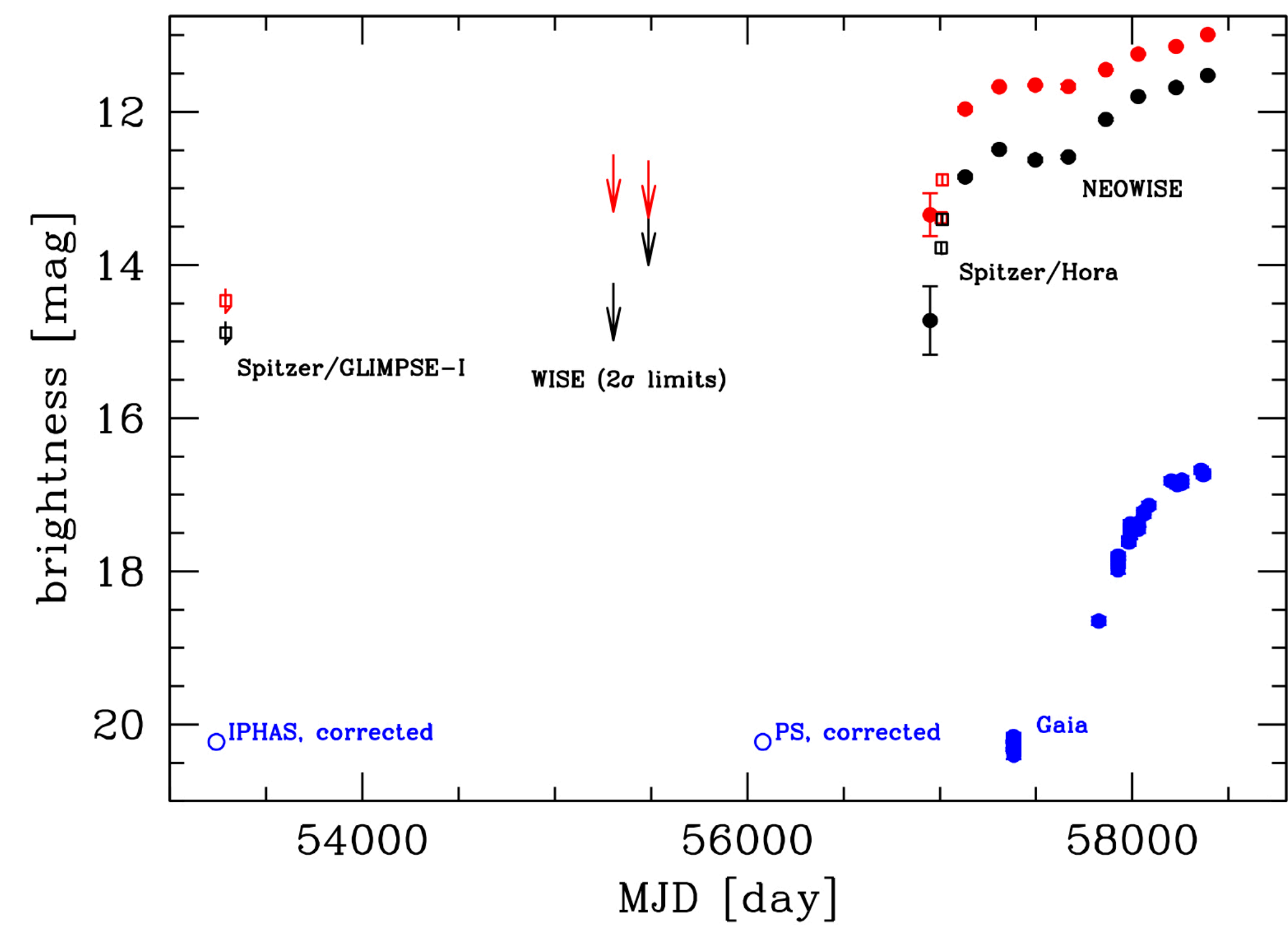


Image Credit: Mark Garlick;
University of Warwick;
European Research Council

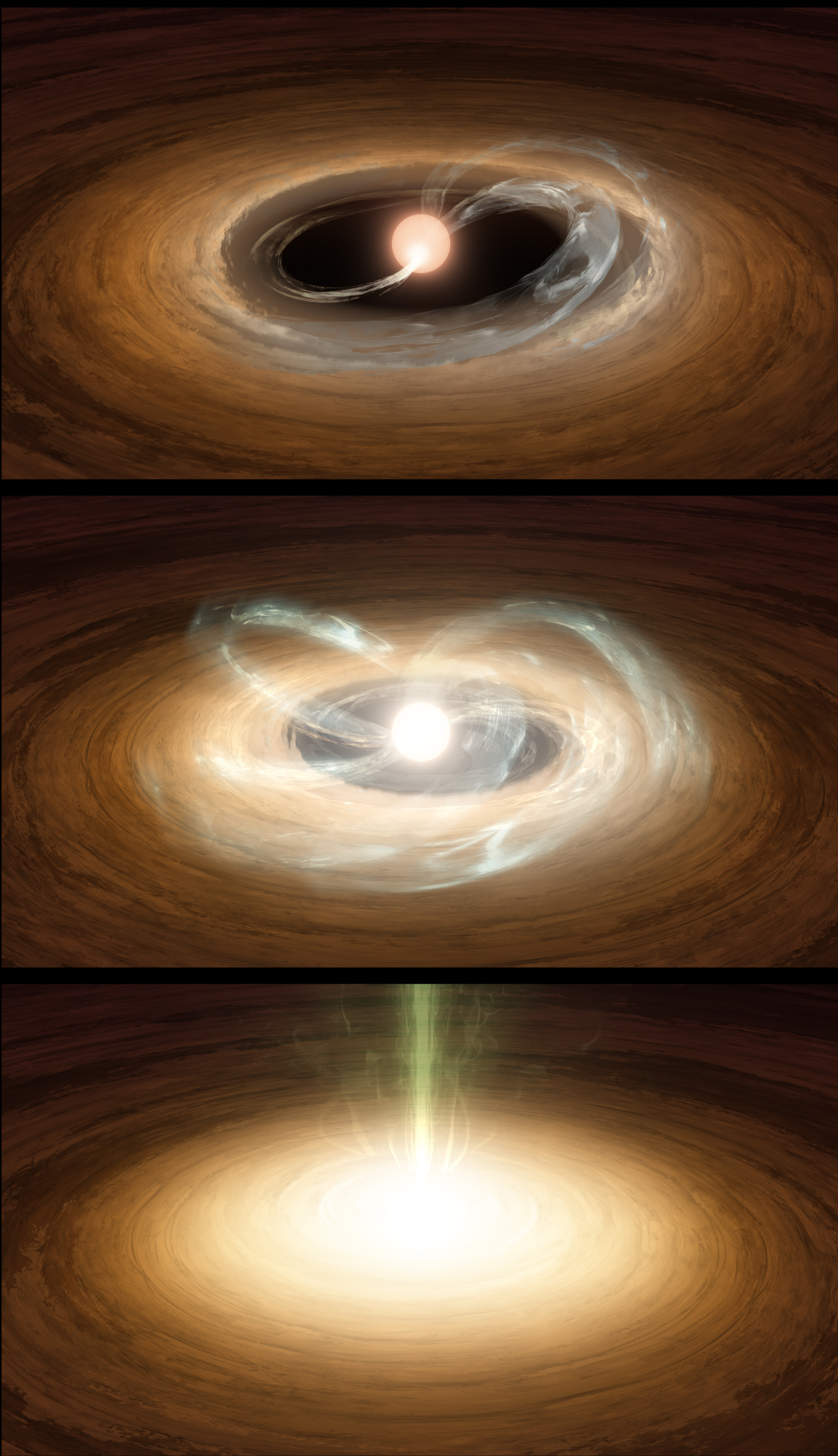
Tremblay et al. 2019

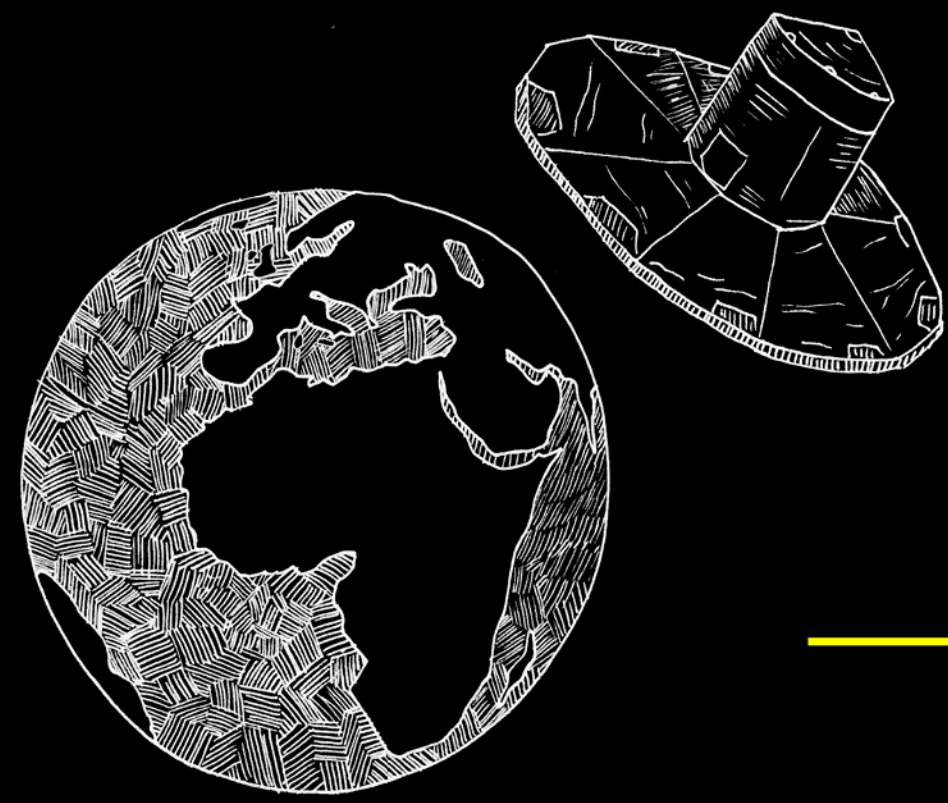
FU Ori outburst



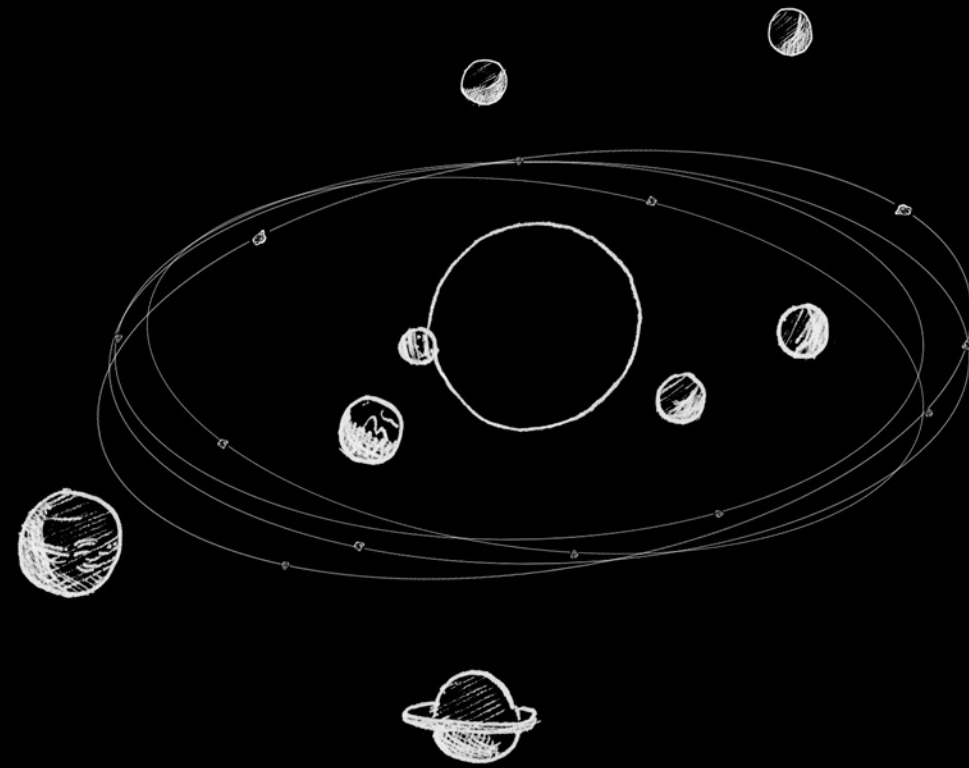
Hillenbrand et al. 2018

Image credit: Caltech/T Pyle (IPAC)

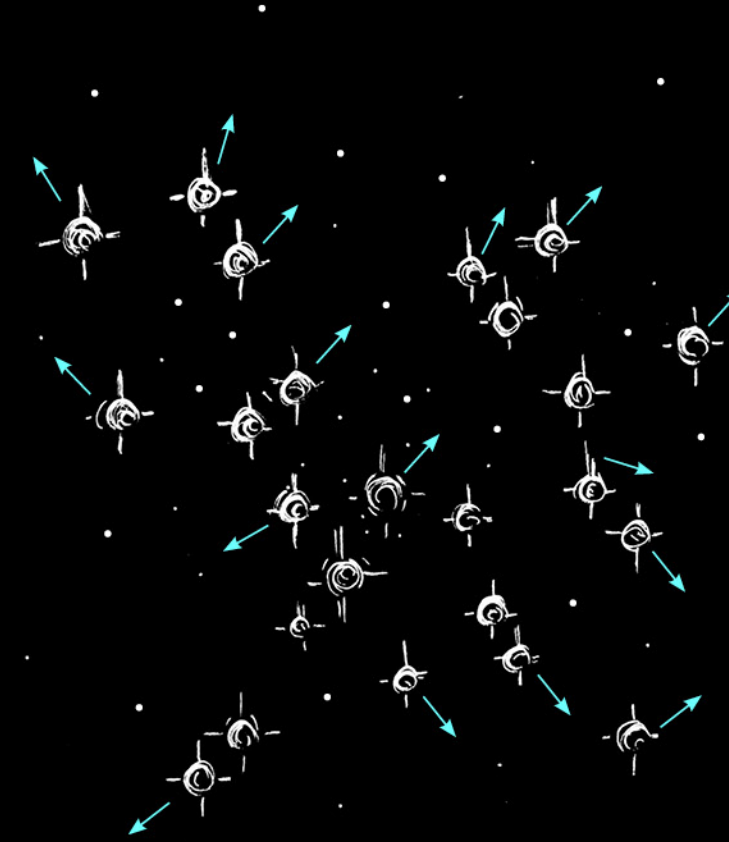




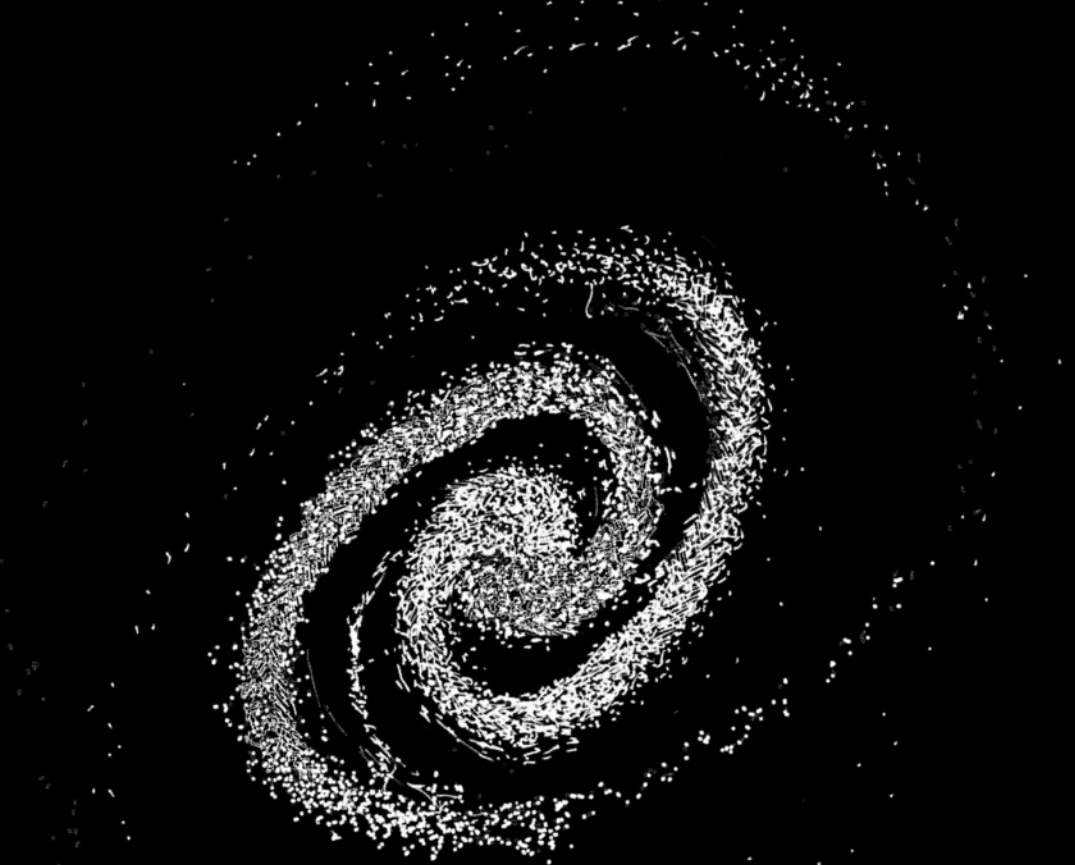
Earth & Gaia



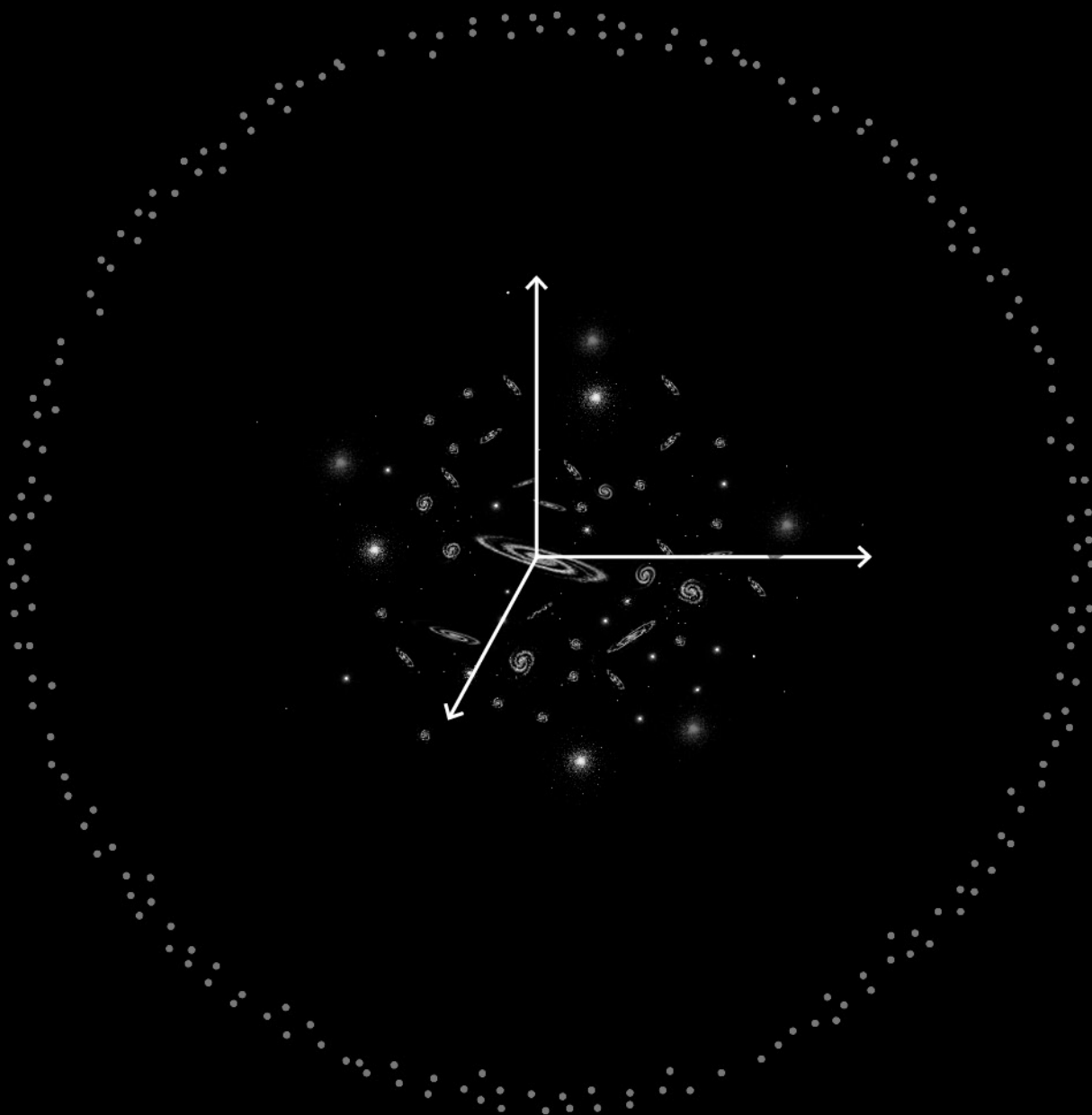
Solar System objects



Stars near the Sun



Milky Way: disc and bulge



Celestial reference frame: distant quasars



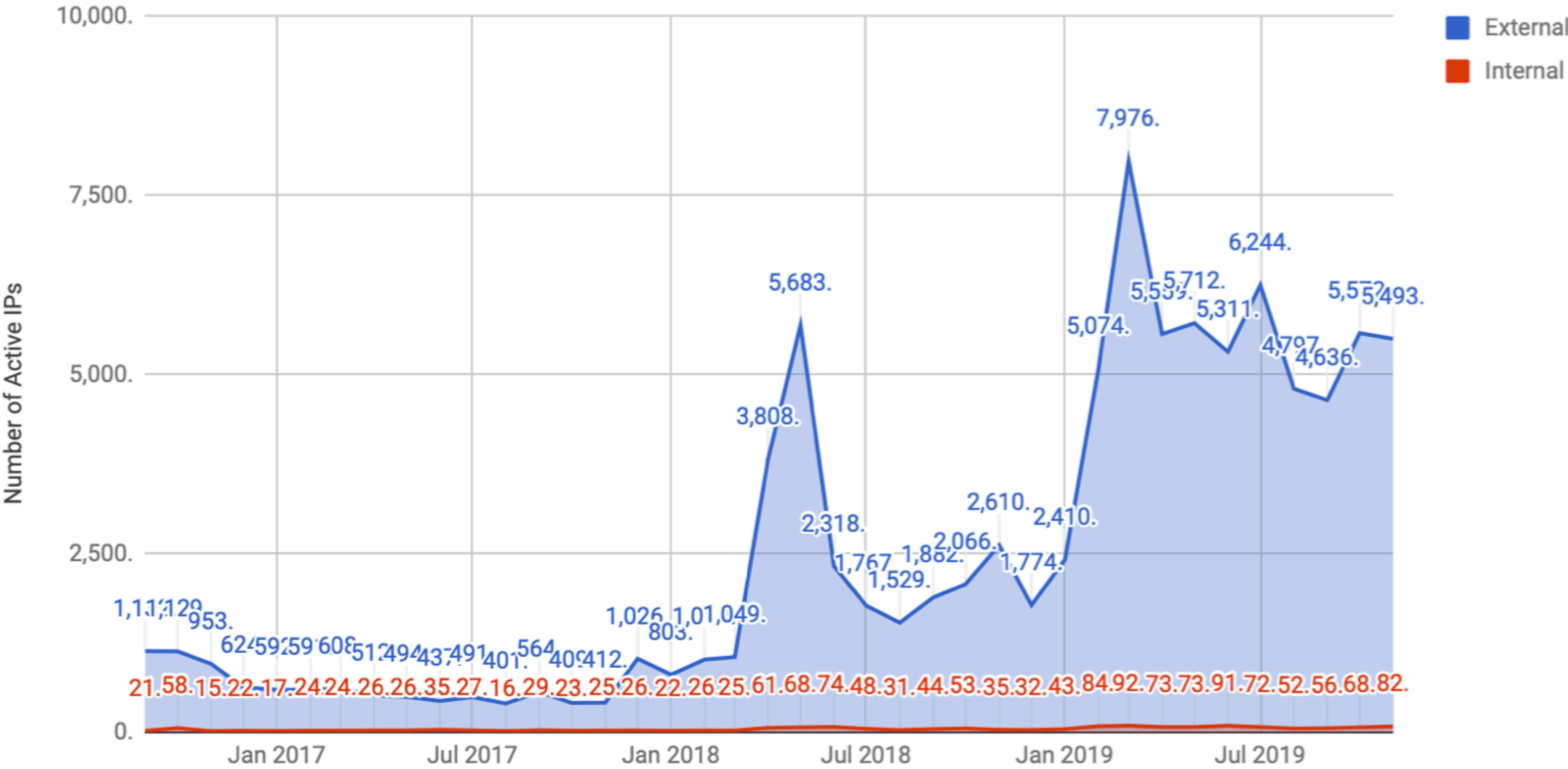
Nearby galaxies



Milky Way: halo and globular clusters

Use of Gaia DR2 data

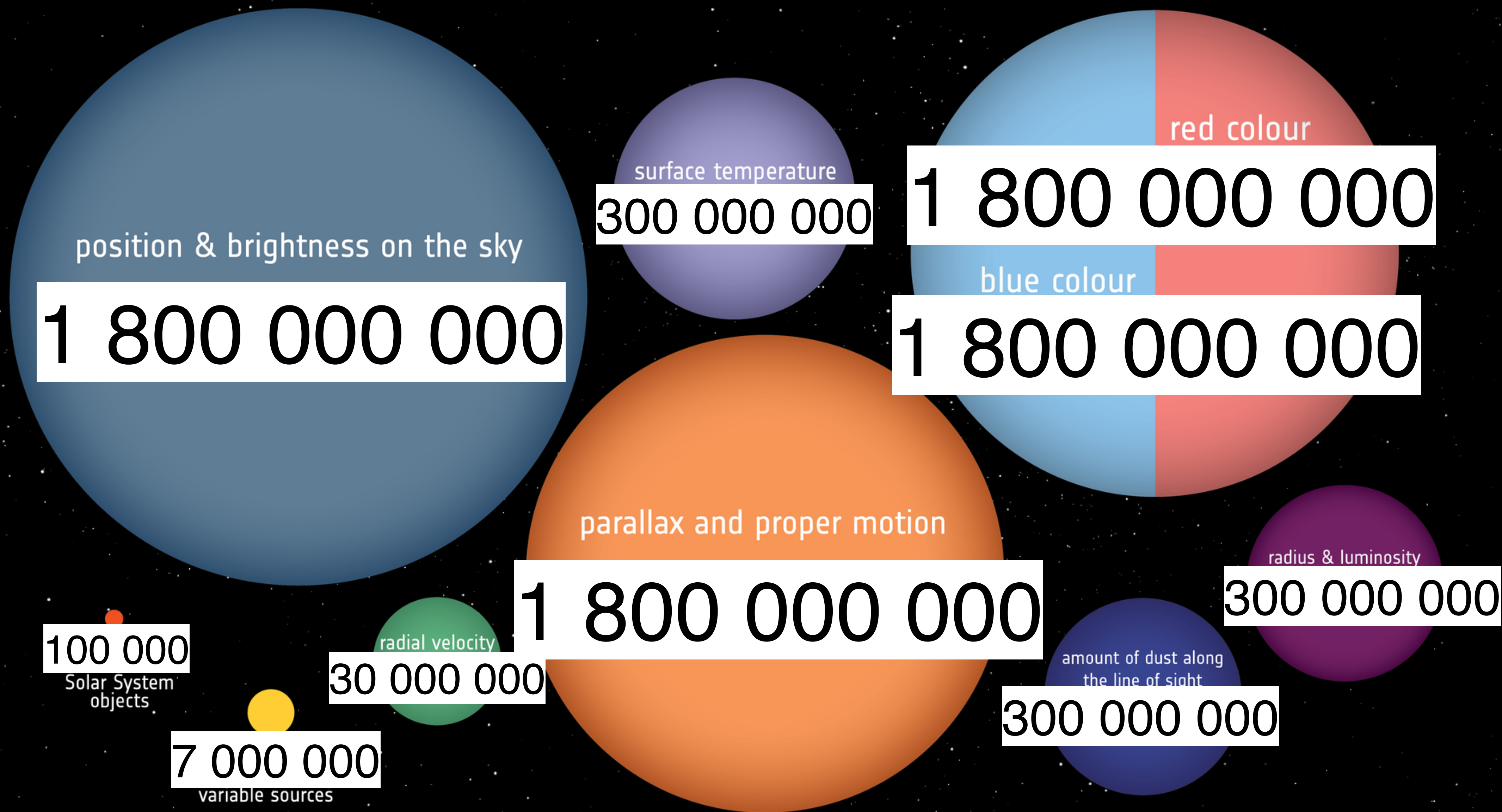
Use of archive going up



Gaia DR3: 34 months of mission data

- Split into early and full Gaia DR3
 - Instead of waiting for everything to be ready, release ready data early
- Gaia EDR3 third quarter (Q3) 2020
 - Astrometry and (integrated) photometry
- Gaia DR3 second half (H2) 2021
 - Gaia EDR3 (no update)
 - Radial velocities (more due to fainter limit)
 - Variable objects (more due to longer time baseline)
 - Astrophysical parameters (based on spectra which are also to be released)
 - Solar system objects (significantly more)
 - Non-single stars (first multiple star release)
 - Results from (pre-selected list of) quasars and extended objects

Gaia DR3 in numbers



Gaia extension

Gaia extension funding handled in the standard 2+2 years ESA science mission extension cycle

Extension for mid-2019-2020 approved

Extension for 2021-2022 indicatively approved

Planning: June 2020 approval for 2021-2022 extension and indicative approval for 2023-2024 etc.

End-of-mission: end 2024 \pm 6 months due to exhaustion of cold gas for attitude control

Conclusions

Gaia operations nominal

Eclipse avoidance manoeuvre on 16 July successfully executed

Gaia extension approvals as planned

Gaia data used and published